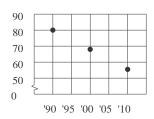
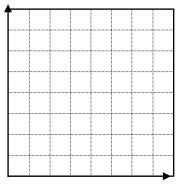
1. How would you describe the relationship between the x- and y-values in the scatter plot?



- 2. Based on the data in the scatter plot in #1, what would you expect the y-value to be for x = 2020? (The x-axis is years, and '90 = 1990.)
- 3. Which correlation coefficient corresponds to the best-fit line that most closely models the set of data in #1? How do you know?
  - a) 0.84
- b) 0.13
- c) -0.87
- e) -0.15
- 4. The table below shows Kyle's bowling score each week he participated in a bowling league.

Week	1	2	3	4	5	6
Score	122	131	130	133	145	139

a. Make a scatterplot to the right.



b. Which of the following is the best equation for the line of best fit. EXPLAIN your choice.

I) 
$$y = 120.3x + 3.7$$

II) 
$$y = -120.3x + 3.7$$

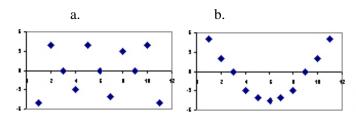
I) 
$$y = 120.3x + 3.7$$
 II)  $y = -120.3x + 3.7$  IV)  $y = -3.7x + 120.3$ 

- c. Estimate Kyle's score for week 9, round to the nearest whole number. Explain HOW you found this estimate.
- d. Find the equation of the line if you used the data points from week 1 and 3.
- e. Make a statement about the data:

As the number of weeks increases, \_\_\_

- 5. Describe what it means for a scatter plot to present a negative correlation. Give an example of a situation that would create this type of graph.
- 6. What is the difference between correlation and causation?

7. Which of the residual plots below would indicate that a linear model is appropriate? Why?



- 8. A line of best fit might be defined as
  - a. a line that connects all the data points.
  - b. a line that might best estimate the data and be used for predicting values.
  - c. a vertical line halfway through the data.
  - d. a line that has a slope greater than 1.
- 9. a. Make a scatter plot relating the age to the % of the person's budget spent on entertainment. Label axes.

Age	30	40	50	60	70	80
% Spent on	6.1	6.0	5.4	5.0	4.7	3.4
Entertainment						

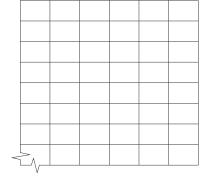
**b.** Which equation below should be used to represent a line of best fit for the data? Justify your answer.

a. 
$$y = -0.05x + 7.5$$

b. 
$$y = -0.05x - 7.5$$

c. 
$$y = 0.05x + 7.5$$

d. 
$$y = 0.05x - 7.5$$



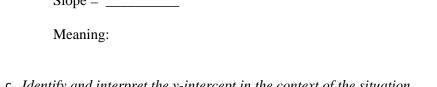
- c. Predict the % of a 65-year-old person's budget that would be spent on entertainment, round to the nearest tenth.
- d. Is it reasonable to use the equation to estimate the entertainment spending for all ages? Explain your reasoning.
- e. Make a statement about the data: As age increases, \_\_\_\_\_\_

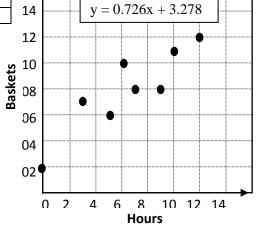
10. Use the table and scatterplot below, which show the number of hours different players practice basketball each week and the number of baskets each player scored during a game.

Player	Bill	Ryan	Tanja	Cami	Sonia	Ingrid	Ayo	Danae
Hours	5	10	7	0	12	3	9	6
Baskets	6	11	8	2	12	7	8	10

- a. Use the graph of the data to sketch a line of best fit.
- b. *Identify and interpret the slope in the context of the situation.*

Slope = \_\_\_\_\_





c. Identify and interpret the y-intercept in the context of the situation.

y-Int = \_\_\_\_\_

Meaning:

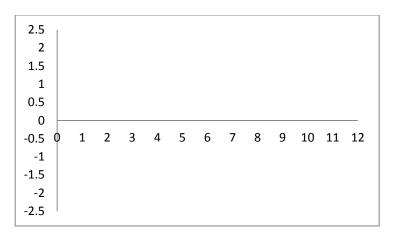
d. Which of the following would be a good estimate for the correlation coefficient (r)? *Explain why.* 

a) -0.89

- b) -0.50
- c) 0.01
- d) 0.50
- e) 0.89
- e. Use the line of best fit to calculate the expected values, then find the residuals. Round to the nearest hundredth.

Player	Hours	Actual Basket	Predicted Baskets	Residual
Bill	5	6		
Ryan	10	11		
Tanja	7	8		
Cami	0	2		
Sonia	12	12		
Ingrid	3	7		
Ayo	9	8		
Danae	6	10		

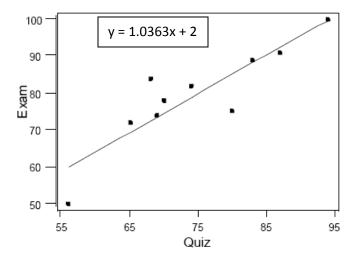
f. Create a residual plot below; determine if a linear model is appropriate for this data. Explain why or why not.



- 11. Mrs. Burhans' class took a Unit 2 Quiz, and then a Unit 2 Exam. The scatterplot of the data is shown below.
- a. The graph shows what type of correlation?

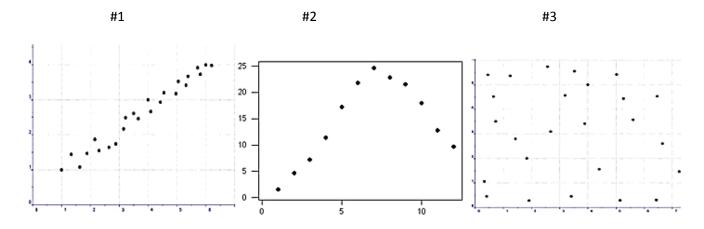
b. If a student scored a 60% on the guiz, which of the following is the best choice for their predicted test score?

- 1) 70%
- II) 65%
- III) 60%
- c. Which of the following is true about this data?
  - I) Someone scored a 68% on the quiz, but got over 80% on the exam.



- II) The students that scored between 65-75% on the guiz, earned strictly between 70-80% on the exam.
- III) A high quiz score DEFINITELY means you will get a high grade on the exam.
- IV) A slope of 1.063 means that in general the students did better on the exam than on the quiz.
- V) A y-intercept of 2 means that if you got a 0% on the quiz, you are predicted to get a 2% on the exam.
- VI) The correlation coefficient is closer to 1 than to -1.

12. Given the three scatter plots below, answer the following questions.



a. Which scatterplot is best described by each of the following:

Linear \_\_\_\_\_ No Relationship \_\_\_\_\_ Quadratic \_\_\_\_\_

- b. Scatterplot #\_\_\_\_ could be about shoe size and their score on the ACT test.
- c. Scatterplot # could be about how as height increases, weight also tends to increase.
- d. Scatterplot #\_\_\_\_ could be about how over time iPod sales increased, and then decreased (as more people bought iPhones instead).

## Answer Key

1. As the x-values increase, the y-values decrease.	2. About 42	3. c - There is a strong negative correlation between the points.	4. a. Scatter plot
4. b. III is the best equation since the data has a positive correlation, and III has a positive slope with a y-intercept of 120.3.	4. c. 154 points I substituted 9 into the x- value of the line of best fit and got an answer of 153.6, it rounds to 154.	<ul><li>4. d. y = 4x + 118</li><li>4. e. Kyle's bowling score tends to increase.</li></ul>	5. A negative correlation means that as x increases, the y's tend to decrease. (Examples will vary.)
6. Responses will vary.	7. Residual plot a indicates that a linear model is appropriate because the points are scattered randomly above and below the line.	8. b.	9. a. Scatter plot
9. b. Line a is correct since there is a negative correlation, and the yintercept appears to be about 7.5.	9. c. 4.3%	<ul><li>9. d. No, it is not reasonable since [explanations will vary].</li><li>9. e. the percent of budget spent on entertainment tends to decrease.</li></ul>	10. a. Scatter plot
10. b. The slope is 0.726 which means that for every hour practiced, they typically make an additional 0.726 baskets in a game.	10. c. The y-intercept is 3.278 which means that if someone practices for 0 hours, the predicted number of baskets they will make in a game is 3.278.	10. d. (e) is the best choice, since the data has a strong positive correlation.	10. e. [table below]

## 10. e.

Player	Hours	Actual Basket	Predicted Baskets	Residual
Bill	5	6	6.91	-0.91
Ryan	10	11	10.54	0.46
Tanja	7	8	8.36	-0.36
Cami	0	2	3.28	-1.28
Sonia	12	12	11.99	0.01
Ingrid	3	7	5.46	1.54
Ayo	9	8	9.81	-1.81
Danae	6	10	7.63	2.37

10. f. Residual plot	11. a. Strong positive linear correlation	11. b. II	11. c. l, IV, V, VI
Yes, a linear model is appropriate since the points are scattered randomly above and below the residual line.			
12. a. Quadratic #2 Linear #1 No Relationship #3	12. b. #3	12. c. #1	12. d. #2